ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

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YWRD, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
Greer Yeldell, CPA | Glen Wilson, CPA Tracie Wood, CPA
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Prairielands Groundwater Conservation District

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and general fund of Prairielands Groundwater Conservation District ("District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and general fund of Prairielands Groundwater Conservation District, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Board of Directors of Prairielands Groundwater Conservation District Page Two

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Board of Directors of Prairielands Groundwater Conservation District Page Three

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in pension liability and related ratios and schedule of contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

YWRD, P.C.

YWRD, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Waxahachie, Texas May 11, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (unaudited)

As management of the Prairielands Groundwater Conservation District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$3,280,682 (net position), of which \$1,282,895 is unrestricted and available for use within the District's policies.
- The District's total net position increased by \$337,000.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$1,159,575 or 74.3% of the total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. The government-wide and fund financial statements have been combined using a columnar format that reconciles individual line items of fund financial data to government-wide data in a separate column on the face of the financial statements rather than at the bottom of the statements or in an accompanying schedule.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The governmental activity of the District consists of conservation, protection and enhancement of groundwater resources.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9-11 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District currently maintains one governmental fund.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. The combined government-wide and fund financial statements provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

All of the District's activity is maintained in one individual governmental fund.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 9-11 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 12-29 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *required supplementary information* concerning the District's progress in funding its obligations to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 31-32 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$3,280,682 as of December 31, 2021.

PRAIRIELANDS GROUNDWATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT'S NET POSITION

	2021	2020
Current and other assets	\$ 2,113,569	\$ 1,248,573
Capital assets	3,443,695	3,532,052
Total assets	5,557,264	4,780,625
Deferred outflows of resources	122,658	99,535
Long term liabilities	1,462,652	1,493,930
Other liabilities	344,218	51,250
Total liabilities	1,806,870	1,545,180
Deferred inflows of resources	592,370	391,298
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	1,997,787	2,047,584
Unrestricted	1,282,895	896,098
Total net position	\$ 3,280,682	\$ 2,943,682

A large portion of the District's net position (61%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, building, furniture and equipment and vehicles), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its reporting entities; consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Analysis of the District's Operations. The following table provides a summary of the District's operations for the year ended December 31, 2021. Governmental activities increased the District's net position by \$337,000.

PRAIRIELANDS GROUNDWATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	2021	2020
Revenues:		
General revenues:		
Groundwater production fees	\$ 1,777,470	\$ 1,108,805
Application fees	139,800	123,425
Interest	3,340	10,625
Other	25,456	27,620
Total revenues	1,946,066	1,270,475
Expenses:		
Governmental activities	1,609,066	1,270,096
Total expenses	1,609,066	1,270,096
Change in net position	337,000	379
Net position - beginning	2,943,682	2,943,303
Net position - ending	\$ 3,280,682	\$ 2,943,682

Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the sole fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,159,575. Unassigned fund balance represents 74.3% of total general fund expenditures. The fund balance of the District's general fund increased \$391,082 during the current fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. Significant variations between line items in the original budget and final amended budget can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$16,611 increase in payroll and benefits
- \$39,873 decrease in field and technical
- \$71.966 increase in insurance
- \$93,370 increase in professional services
- \$142,277 decrease in operating

Final budget compared to actual results. Actual general fund revenues of \$1,951,818 exceeded budgeted revenues of \$1,680,000 by \$271,818. Budgeted general fund expenditures of \$1,637,750 exceeded actual expenditures of \$1,560,736 by \$77,014.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2021, amounts to \$3,443,695 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, furniture and equipment and vehicles.

Prairielands Groundwater Conservation District's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

		2021		2020
Land	\$	89,447	\$	89,447
Construction in progress		7,900		-
Building	3	3,168,565	3	3,250,688
Furniture and equipment		177,783		184,817
Vehicles		-		7,100
Total	\$ 3	3,443,695	\$ 3	3,532,052

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Furniture and equipment additions of approximately \$51,150.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in note 3.B on page 21 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total debt of \$1,445,908, which was comprised of notes payable.

Prairielands Groundwater Conservation District's Outstanding Debt

	2021	2020
Note payable	\$ 1,445,908	\$ 1,484,468

Additional information on the District's debt can be found in note 3.D on page 22 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

In the 2022 Budget, General Fund revenues increased approximately 8% from its 2021 budgeted revenues with groundwater production fees make up about 92% of general fund budgeted revenues.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Prairielands Groundwater Conservation District, 208 Kimberly Drive, Cleburne, Texas 76031.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2021

	General Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position	
ASSETS		•		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,072,597	\$ -	\$ 2,072,597	
Accounts receivable	298	-	298	
Prepaid items Capital assets:	9,636	-	9,636	
Non-depreciable	_	97,347	97,347	
Depreciable (net of accumulated depreciation)	_	3,346,348	3,346,348	
Net pension asset	_	31,038	31,038	
Total Assets	2,082,531	3,474,733	5,557,264	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		400.050	400.050	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension	<u>-</u>	122,658	122,658	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 2,082,531	122,658	122,658	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Nesources	φ 2,002,331			
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	320,111	-	320,111	
Accrued expenses	24,107	-	24,107	
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year	-	39,193	39,193	
Due in more than one year	-	1,423,459	1,423,459	
Total Liabilities	344,218	1,462,652	1,806,870	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue-production fees	569,102	-	569,102	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension	<u> </u>	23,268	23,268	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	569,102	23,268	592,370	
FUND BALANCE				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid items	9,636	(9,636)	-	
Unassigned	1,159,575	(1,159,575)	-	
Total Fund Balance	1,169,211	(1,169,211)		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 2,082,531			
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		1,997,787	1,997,787	
Unrestricted		1,282,895	1,282,895	
Total Net Position		\$ 3,280,682	\$ 3,280,682	

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	General Fund		Adjustments		Statement of Activities	
REVENUES						
Groundwater production fees	\$	1,783,222	\$	(5,752)	\$	1,777,470
Application fees		139,800		-		139,800
Interest		3,340		-		3,340
Other		25,456				25,456
Total Revenues		1,951,818		(5,752)		1,946,066
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES Current:						
Payroll and benefits		755,965		(1,465)		754,500
Field and technical		16,834		(1,100)		16,834
Insurance		19,280		_		19,280
Legal		248,966		-		248,966
Meeting, travel and training		18,590		-		18,590
Office		104,026		-		104,026
Operating		36,383		-		36,383
Professional services		225,370		(51,150)		174,220
Public relations		44,719		(7,901)		36,818
Depreciation		-		147,406		147,406
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		38,560		(38,560)		-
Interest		52,043				52,043
Total Expenditures/Expenses		1,560,736		48,330		1,609,066
Net Change in Fund Balance		391,082		(391,082)		-
Change in Net Position		-		337,000		337,000
Fund Balance/Net Position, Beginning of Year		778,129		2,165,553		2,943,682
Fund Balance/Net Position, End of Year	\$	1,169,211	\$	2,111,471	\$	3,280,682

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budget Amounts		Actual	Variance with	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Groundwater production fees	\$ 1,524,000	\$ 1,524,000	\$ 1,783,222	\$ 259,222	
Application fees	96,000	96,000	139,800	43,800	
Interest	4,000	4,000	3,340	(660)	
Other	56,000	56,000	25,456	(30,544)	
Total revenues	1,680,000	1,680,000	1,951,818	271,818	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Payroll and benefits	724,450	741,061	755,965	14,904	
Field and technical	81,500	41,627	16,834	(24,793)	
Insurance	24,300	24,300	19,280	(5,020)	
Legal	177,000	248,966	248,966	-	
Meeting, travel and training	24,500	24,500	18,590	(5,910)	
Office	109,700	109,700	104,026	(5,674)	
Operating	200,900	58,623	36,383	(22,240)	
Professional services	132,000	225,370	225,370	-	
Public relations	73,000	73,000	44,719	(28,281)	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	37,000	38,560	38,560	-	
Interest	53,400	52,043	52,043		
Total expenditures	1,637,750	1,637,750	1,560,736	(77,014)	
Net change in fund balance	42,250	42,250	391,082	348,832	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			778,129	778,129	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 42,250	\$ 42,250	\$ 1,169,211	\$ 1,126,961	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the District. *Governmental activities* are supported by revenues from the various taxing entities.

B. Reporting entity

The Prairielands Groundwater Conservation District (District) is a political subdivision of the State of Texas created to conserve, protect and enhance the groundwater resources of Ellis, Hill, Johnson and Somervell Counties in Texas. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The District applies the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity, to determine which governmental organizations should be included in the reporting entity. The inclusion or exclusion of component units is based on the elected official's accountability to their constituents. The financial reporting entity follows the same accountability. In addition, the financial statements of the reporting entity should allow the user to distinguish between the primary government (including its blended component units, which are, in substance, part of the primary government) and discretely presented component units. Criteria for inclusion of an entity into the primary governmental unit (in blended or discrete presentation) includes, but is not limited to, legal standing, fiscal dependency, imposition of will and the primary recipient of services. The District presently has no component units included within its reporting entity.

C. Basis of presentation - government-wide financial statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The government activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources. The statement of activities demonstrates what the District provided with the revenues raised.

D. Basis of presentation - fund financial statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

The *general fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Measurement focus and basis of accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economical resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Groundwater production fees and application fees estimated to be collectible within sixty days after balance sheet date are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

F. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance

1. Cash and cash equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits.

2. Receivables

Accounts receivable consists of production fees receivable that are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles. No allowance for uncollectible accounts was considered necessary.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance (continued)

3. Prepaid items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, building, furniture and equipment and vehicles are reported in the governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. Building, furniture and equipment and vehicles are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital asset classes	Lives
Building	40
Furniture and equipment	3-7
Vehicles	5

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance (continued)

5. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources reported in this year's financial statements include (1) the difference between the expected and actual experience data used by the actuary, (2) changes in actuarial assumptions of the District's defined benefit plan, and (3) contributions made to the District's defined benefit plan between the measurement date of the net pension asset from that plan and the end of the District's fiscal year. The difference between the expected and actual experience data is attributed to pension expense over a total of 12 years, including the current year. The change in actuarial assumptions is attributed to pension expense over a total of 12 years. Deferred outflows for pension contributions will be recognized in the subsequent fiscal year. No deferred outflows of resources affect the governmental funds financial statements in the current year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources reported in this year's financial statements include (1) the difference between the expected and actual experience data used by the actuary, and (2) the differences between the projected and actual investment earnings for the District's multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The difference between the expected and actual experience data is attributed to pension expense over a total of 12 years, including the current year. The differences between the projected and actual investment earnings are attributed to pension expense over a total of 5 years, including the current year. In its governmental funds, the only deferred inflow of resources is for revenues that are not considered available. The District will not recognize the related revenues until they are available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the District's fiscal year) under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, unavailable revenues from production fees are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance (continued)

6. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statements of net position.

In the fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financial sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

7. Net position flow assumption

Net position represent the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources on the government-wide financial statements. Net positions are classified in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets —This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

Restricted net position —This amount is restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted net position —This amount is the net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position".

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

8. Fund balance flow assumption

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balance categorized based on the nature and extent of the constraints placed on the specific purposes for which a government's funds may be spent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance (continued)

Nonspendable fund balance—amounts that are not in spendable form (such as prepaid items) or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., Board of Directors). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned fund balance—amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

Unassigned fund balance—amounts that represent fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification, as the result of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned. Positive balances are reported only in the general fund.

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of restricted, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the government fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, restricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2021

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

G. Revenue and expenditures/expenses

1. Compensated absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

2. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

H. Budgetary information

1. Budgetary basis of accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level.

NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The combined statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet and the combined statement of activities and governmental funds revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance include an adjustments column that reconciles the amounts reported in the governmental funds to show how each would change when reported on the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2021

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds, and because long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The adjustments to report these amounts are shown below:

Non-depreciable	\$ 97,347
Depreciable (net of accumulated depreciation)	\$ 3,346,348
Net pension asset	\$ 31,038
Noncurrent liabilities	\$ 1,462,652

Deferred outflows of resources related to pension are not reported in the governmental funds. The adjustment to report these amounts includes an increase of deferred outflows of resources of \$122,658.

Deferred inflows of resources related to pension are not reported in the governmental funds. The adjustment to report these amounts includes an increase of deferred inflows of resources of \$23,268.

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. \$59,051 of capital outlay is recorded as capital assets in the current period.

Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense of \$147,406 is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. notes) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. \$38,560 is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt.

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. The adjustment to report this amount is a decrease in groundwater production fees of \$5,752.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2021

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Pension contributions are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, these contributions are converted to the full accrual GASB 68 pension amounts. The adjustment to report these amounts is a decrease in payroll and benefits of \$8,747.

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The adjustment to report this amounts includes an increase in payroll and benefits for compensated absences in the amount of \$7,282.

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk-deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully insured or collateralized by U.S. Government obligations or obligations of Texas and its agencies that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the deposits. At year end, the District's bank balance was \$2,075,660, Of the bank balance, \$513,339 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remaining balance, \$1,562,321, was covered by collateral pledged in the District's name. The collateral was held in the District's name by the safekeeping department of the pledging bank's agent and had a fair value of approximately \$2,000,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2021

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (continued)

B. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increase	Decrease	Ending Balance	
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 89,447	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 89,447	
Construction in progress	-	7,900	-	7,900	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	89,447	7,900	_	97,347	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Building	3,284,906	-	-	3,284,906	
Furniture and equipment	388,581	51,150	(4,367)	435,364	
Vehicles	88,336	-	-	88,336	
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,761,823	51,150	(4,367)	3,808,606	
Less accumulated depreciation					
Building	(34,218)	(82,123)	-	(116,341)	
Furniture and equipment	(203,764)	(58,184)	4,367	(257,581)	
Vehicles	(81,236)	(7,100)		(88,336)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(319,218)	(147,407)	4,367	(462,258)	
Total capital assets being depreciated (net)	3,442,605	(96,257)		3,346,348	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 3,532,052	\$ (88,357)	\$ -	\$ 3,443,695	

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Governmental activities <u>\$ 147,407</u>

C. Risk management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District maintains commercial insurance coverage covering each of those risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the District. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2021

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (continued)

D. Long-term liabilities

Note Payable

Note payable currently outstanding and reported as liabilities of the District's governmental activities is:

	Maturity	Interest	Year-end	
Note Amount	Date	Rate	Balance	Secured By
\$1,500,000	7/31/2045	3.60%	\$1,445,908	All assets

The debt service requirements for the District's note payable is as follows:

Year Ending	Note Payable				
December 31	Principal	Interest			
2022	\$ 39,193	\$ 51,410			
2023	40,628	49,976			
2024	42,115	48,489			
2025	43,656	46,947			
2026	45,254	45,350			
2027-2031	252,361	200,657			
2032-2036	302,049	150,968			
2037-2041	361,521	91,497			
2042-2046	319,131	22,553			
Total note payments	\$ 1,445,908	\$ 707,847			

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences represent the estimated liability for employees' paid time off benefits for which employees are entitled to be paid upon termination. The retirement of this liability is paid upon termination.

Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions		Re	ductions	Ending Balance	e Within ne Year
Note payable	\$1,484,468	\$	-	\$	(38,560)	\$1,445,908	\$ 39,193
Compensated absences	9,462		30,653		(23,371)	16,744	-
	\$1,493,930	\$	30,653	\$	(61,931)	\$1,462,652	\$ 39,193

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2021

NOTE 4 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. Plan description

The Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS) is a statewide, agent multiple-employer, public-employee retirement system. The system serves 800 participating counties and districts throughout Texas. Each employer maintains its own customized plan of benefits. Plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of each employer, within the options available in the TCDRS Act. Because of that, the District has the flexibility and local control to select benefits and pay for those benefits based on its needs and budgets.

Each employer has a defined benefit plan that functions similarly to a cash balance plan. The assets of the plans are pooled for investment purposes, but each employer's plan assets may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of that employer's plan. In accordance with Texas law, it is intended that the pension plan be construed and administered in a manner that the retirement system will be considered a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. All eligible employees (except temporary staff) of the District must be enrolled in the plan. TCDRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at www.tcdrs.org.

B. Benefits provided

A brief description of benefit terms:

- 1. All full- and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year. Employees in a temporary position are not eligible for membership.
- 2. The plan provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits.
- 3. TCDRS is a savings-based plan. For the district's plan, 5% of each employee's pay is deposited into his or her TCDRS account. By law, employee accounts earn 7% interest on beginning of year balances annually. At retirement, the account is matched at an employer set percentage (current match is 250%) and is then converted to an annuity.
- 4. There are no automatic COLAs. Each year, the district may elect an ad hoc COLA for its retirees (if any). There are two COLA types, each limited by actual inflation.
- 5. Benefit terms are established under the TCDRS Act. They may be amended as of January 1 of each year, but must remain in conformity with the Act.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. Benefits provided (continued)

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2020 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	2
Active employees	7
	9

C. Contributions

A combination of three elements funds each employer's plan: employee deposits, employer contributions, and investment income.

- The deposit rate for employees is 4.00%, 5.00%, 6.00% and 7.00% of compensation, as adopted by the employer's governing body.
- Participating employer's are required, by law, to contribute at actuarially determined rates, which are determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method.
- Investment income funds a large part of the benefits employees earn.

Employers have the option of paying more than the required contribution rate each year. Additional contributions can help employer's "pre-fund" benefit increases, such as cost-of-living adjustment to retirees, and they can be used to help offset or mitigate future increases in the required rate due to negative plan experience. There are two approaches for making additional contributions:

- (a) paying an elected contribution rate higher than the required rate and
- (b) making a lump-sum contribution to the employer account.

Employees for the District were required to contribute 5.00% of their annual gross earnings during the year. The contribution rate for the District was 9.47% in calendar year 2021. The District's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended December 31, 2021 were \$54,520.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2021

NOTE 4 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

D. Net pension (asset) liability

The District's Net Pension (Asset) Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2020 and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions

The actuarial assumptions that determine the TPL as of December 31, 2020 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2016, except where required to be different by GASB 68.

Key assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation are as follows:

Valuation Timing Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years

prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Actuarial Cost Method

Asset Valuation Method

5 years

Entry Age Normal

Smoothing period

Recognition method Non-asymptotic

Corridor None Inflation 2.50% 4.60% Salary Increases

Investment Rate of Return 7.60% (Gross of administrative expenses)

Cost-of-living adjustments for the District are not considered to be substantively Cost of Living Adjustments

automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the GASB calculations. No assumption for future cost-of-

living adjustments is included in the funding valuation.

Mortality

Depositing members 90% of the RP-2014 Active Employee Mortality Table for males and 90% of the RP-2014

Active Employee Mortality Table for females, projected with 110% of the MP-2014

Ultimate scale after 2014.

Service retirees, beneficiaries 130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RPand non-depositing members 2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-

2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

Disabled retirees 130% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 115% of the RP-

2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the

MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return of TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The target allocation and best estimate of geometric real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

D. Net pension (asset) liability (continued)

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation	Geometrical Real Rate of Return (Expected Minus Inflation)
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	4.25%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity &		
	Venture	25.00%	7.25%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.55%
International Equities - Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net)	5.00%	4.25%
International Equities - Emerging	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	6.00%	4.75%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate	3.00%	-0.85%
	Bond Index		
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	9.00%	2.11%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	16.00%	6.70%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed	4.00%	5.70%
	Securities Index		
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33%	2.00%	3.45%
	Global REIT (net) Index		
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.10%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index	6.00%	4.90%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of	6.00%	1.85%
	Funds Composite Index		
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	-0.70%

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.60%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

D. Net pension (asset) liability (continued)

Changes in the net pension (asset) liability

	Increase (Decrease)								
	Tot	al Pension	Plan	Fiduciary	N	et Pension			
		Liability	Net	Position	(As	set) Liability			
	(A)			(B)		(A) - (B)			
Balance at 12/31/2019	\$	233,977	\$	259,057	\$	(25,080)			
Changes for the year:									
Service cost		64,301		-		64,301			
Interest		23,269		-		23,269			
Effect of economic/demographic gains									
or losses		(18,557)		-		(18,557)			
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		17,526		-		17,526			
Refund of contributions		(10,657)		(10,657)		-			
Benefit payments		(11,802)		(11,802)		-			
Administrative expense		-		(241)		241			
Employer contributions		-		41,703		(41,703)			
Member contributions		-		22,914		(22,914)			
Net investment income		-		26,848		(26,848)			
Other		-		1,273		(1,273)			
Net Changes		64,080		70,038		(5,958)			
Balance at 12/31/2020	\$	298,057	\$	329,095	\$	(31,038)			

Sensitivity of the net pension (asset) liability to changes in the discount rate -

The following presents the NPL of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the District's NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.60%) or one percentage point higher (8.60%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in				1%	Increase in		
	Disc	count Rate	Di	scount Rate	Dis	count Rate		
	(6.60%)			(7.60%)		(8.60%)		
District's net pension (asset) liability	\$	10,019	\$	(31,038)	\$	(64,733)		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2021

NOTE 4 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

D. Net pension (asset) liability (continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued TCDRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tcdrs.org.

Payables to the Pension Plan - Legally required contributions outstanding at the end of the year totaled \$7,596.

E. Pension expense and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$46,341.

At December 31, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Οu	Deferred atflows of Desources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	51,011	\$	17,577		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		-		5,691		
Changes of assumptions		17,127		-		
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		54,520		-		
	\$	122,658	\$	23,268		

\$54,520 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset for the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31								
2021	\$	4,958						
2022		5,696						
2023		2,824						
2024		5,285						
2025		6,216						
Thereafter		19,891						
Total	\$	44,870						

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2021

NOTE 5 – OTHER INFORMATION

A. 457 Deferred compensation plan

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Sec. 457. The plan, which is available to all District employees after one year of service, permits them to defer a portion of their salary to future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The District does not contribute to this plan. Plan assets are held by a trust or custodian for the exclusive benefit of participants and beneficiaries. The total employee contributions for 2021 were \$23,546.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

This supplementary schedule is included to supplement the basic financial statements as required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last 10 Calendar Years (will ultimately be displayed)

	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019			2020
Total Pension (Asset) Liability												
Service cost	\$	16,835	\$	42,028	\$	24,538	\$	24,914	\$	27,654	\$	64,301
Interest on the total pension liability		681		3,088		6,986		10,994		15,532		23,269
Effect of plan changes		93		_		_		-		_		_
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		221		-		1,582		-		-		17,526
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses		(312)		(924)		15,998		21,596		31,079		(18,557)
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions		-		-		-		-		(8,606)		(22,459)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		17,518		44,192		49,104		57,504		65,659		64,080
Total Pension (Asset) Liability - Beginning		-		17,518		61,710		110,814		168,318		233,977
Total Pension (Asset) Liability - Ending (a	\$	17,518	\$	61,710	\$	110,814	\$	168,318	\$	233,977	\$	298,057
	-											
Plan Fiduciary Net Position												
Employer contributions	\$	11,210	\$	40,706	\$	31,393	\$	28,857	\$	41,685	\$	41,703
Member contributions		5,708		13,550		13,925		15,855		20,712		22,914
Investment income net of investment expenses		(144)		1,279		11,476		(1,940)		28,670		26,848
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions		-		-		-		-		(8,606)		(22,459)
Administrative expense		(6)		(14)		(87)		(140)		(197)		(241)
Other		(1)		1,337		606		1,345		1,878		1,273
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		16,767		56,858		57,313		43,977		84,142		70,038
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		-		16,767		73,625		130,938		174,915		259,057
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b	\$	16,767	\$	73,625	\$	130,938	\$	174,915	\$	259,057	\$	329,095
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	751	\$	(11,915)	\$	(20,124)	\$	(6,597)	\$	(25,080)	\$	(31,038)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage												
of Total Pension (Asset) Liability		95.71%		119.31%		118.16%		103.92%		110.72%		110.41%
Covered Payroll		273,976		270,995		278,498		317,110		414,238	•	458,277
Net Pension (Asset) Liability as a Percentage				(4.400)		(= 000°)		(0.000)		(0.050)		(0 ==0()
of Covered Payroll		0.27%		(4.40%)		(7.23%)		(2.08%)		(6.05%)		(6.77%)

Notes to Schedule:

N/A

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 10 Fiscal Years (will ultimately be displayed)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$11,210	\$26,612	\$25,343	\$27,113	\$35,997	\$40,145	\$54,520
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	11,210	40,706	31,393	28,857	41,685	41,703	54,520
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	(14,094)	(6,050)	(1,744)	(5,688)	(1,558)	-
Covered payroll	114,157	270,995	278,498	317,110	414,238	458,277	575,713
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	9.82%	15.02%	11.27%	9.10%	10.06%	9.10%	9.47%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31, two years

prior to the end of fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 20.0 years (based on contribution rate calculated in the 12/31/2020 valuation)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by age and service. 4.6% average over career including inflation. Investment Rate of Return 7.5%, net of administrative and investment expenses, including inflation.

Retirement Age Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving

benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees

is 61.

Mortality 130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP-

2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-

2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

Changes in Plan Provisions 2015: No changes Reflected in the Schedule* 2016: No changes in Plan Provisions 2015: No changes 201

2015: No changes in plan provisions. 2016: No changes in plan provisions.

2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017.

2018: No changes in plan provisions. 2019: No changes in plan provisions. 2020: No changes in plan provisions.

^{*} Only changes effective 2015 and later are shown in the Notes to Schedule